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EAST BAY LABOR JOURNAL

THE ONLY OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF ORGANIZED LABOR IN ALAMEDA COUNTY

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CENTRAL LABOR COUNCIL OF ALAMEDA COUNTY AND BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL OF ALAMEDA COUNTY

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STRIKE HOPES CENTERED AROUND RYAN

Government Relief Accorded Strikers States Official

According to R. C. Branion, state emergency relief administrator, strikers families will be accorded relief if and when necessary. In a statement made to southern California relief officials, Branion said:

"The policy of the federal relief administration requires that individual families, found to be in need after proper investigation, are eligible for relief without regard to any wage dispute in which they may be involved, pending a decision as to the merits of their claims by a proper governmental agency, such as the United States Department of Labor."

Branion also declared that no relief organization must be used for recruiting of strikebreakers.

Summer School Session For Industrial Workers Starts Monday, July 9th

Western summer school session for industrial workers will begin on Monday, July 9th, at Occidental College, Los Angeles. This school is sponsored by the California State Federation of Labor, together with other state educational associations.

The courses offered have been chosen in consultation with a workers cimmittee and are designed to give information and to stimulate further study, providing a basis for interpretation of the world in which the wage-earner lives. Classes in American history, English, labor economics, history of the labor movement and sacial psychology will be led by competent instructors. In addition there will be work in art and dramatics, in physical training and swimming.

John L. Kerchen, director of workers education for extension division of the University of California and State Federation of Labor, is one of the faculty members.

For further information and for admission blanks prospective students should write to Mrs. Lucy Wilcox Adams, state department of education 308 California State Building, Los Angeles, or to John L. Kerchen, 301 California hall, University of California, Berkeley.

A. F. of L. Opposes Rich Child Labor Bill

Record of Pennsylvania Representative Sponsoring Measure Is 100% Unfavorable to the Voters.

Washington, D. C.—The American Federation of Labor is specifically and positively opposed to the Federal Child Labor bill (H. R. 6184) introduced in the house of representatives by Congressman Robert F. Rich of Pennsylvania.

The position of the federation was made known in a letter from W. C. Roberts and W. C. Hushing, legislative representatives of the federation, to Hon. William P. Connery, Jr., chairman of the house labor committee, to whom the bill was referred.

Seeks to Discredit Congress

"Behind H. R. 6184, a bill to regulate employment of persons under eighteen years of age and to provide minimum rates of compensation to be paid employes, is a scheme to discredit congress," the legislative representatives told Mr. Connery.

"One of the arguments used against the child labor amendment," the letter added, "is that congress would be more liberal than the states and would prohibit, regulate and limit the labor of children under the age of eighteen.

Unfavorable to Labor

"Representative Rich is the only member of congress to our knowledge who has practically a one hundred per cent unfavorable record on measures of interest to labor. If he was infavor of the child labor amendment, he would not have introduced the bill. It not only fixes the wages of employes under eighteen years of age at 20 cents per hour, but provides that employes eighteen years of age or older shall receive 28 cents per hour. He not only desires to regulate the employment of persons under eighten years of age, but has gone beyond that age.

"We are sure that the bill will be used for propaganda purposes to discredit congress and thereby help those who argue that congress would be more liberal than the states in order to defeat ratification of the child labor amendment."

It was pointed out at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor that Representative Rich in drafting the bill did not consult the A. F. of L., the national child labor committee, or any other national agency interested in child labor legislation.

Police report that the pickpocket is disappearing. Perhaps he's merely getting discouraged.

Bourbon Employers Use Terrorism To Place Union Members Under Ban

Flouting of Section 7-A of Recovery Act and Persistent Persecution of Trade Unionists Makes Additional Legislation Very Imperative.

Washington, D. C. — There is a paramount necessity for the immediate enactment of the federal legislation contained in the Wagner-Connery Labor Disputes bill to prevent the barons of business and finance from continuing to discriminate against workers who exercise their statutory right to enroll in bona fide labor unions and use collective bargaining to adjust disputed questions covering wages, hours, and work conditions.

The urgent need for this legislation is abundantly emphasized by vast amounts of documentary evidence in the possession of the national labor board and the American Federation of Labor covering the brutal devices, direct and indirect, used by unpatriotic employers to victimize working men and women who regard their rights under the National Recovery Act as something real and who proceed to act in the belief that the plain words of the statute mean what they say.

Union Official Discharged

In a recent statement Wm. Green, a member of the national labor board, cited instances of the subversive method used by many employers in their attempt to deprive their employes of the right to enroll in bona fide trade unions.

"I know of one instance in a city of the south," Mr. Green said, "where workers employed in a factory took Section 7-A seriously and formed a union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Immediately the president of the union was discharged. A committee of the workers called upon the management and asked why this action had been taken. They said: 'He had been here for fifteen years. He is a skilled worker. No complaint was ever made of the character of service he rendered. Why is he discharged? We believe it is because he is the president of our union. We would like to ask you to put him back and give him a chance to earn a living for his wife and family.'

"The management would not listen. They said: 'We cannot reinstate him.' The workers felt badly. The committee went back, and all of them continued at work hoping that another conference would be held and they could persuade the company to reinstate this worker, the president of their union.

Management Closes Factory

"That night the management notified everyone employed: 'This factory is closed down. There will be no work until further notice.' All of them remained at home. In three days a notice was published in the local papers that the factory would resume operations on a certain morning. The notice further stated that all those who desired work might apply for re-employment, and the company would hire such ones as they wished. Labor in the south is available most any time. As a result the workers flocked in. The company re-employed a new crew, leaving those two or three hundred workers out upon the charity of the community. Is there anybody so dull they cannot see through that? That is a part of the persecution inflicted upon workers because they organize."

Law With Teeth Necessary

"In other places," Mr. Green added, "workers have been discharged outright and have been told they were discharged because they joined a union. To me it approximates criminality. I think it is a violation of the law and if I had my way I would put enough teeth in this law so that I could bring such employers into court and have them severely punished if they treated their employes in that way and discharged them because they joined a union."

These unjust practices, testified to by reams of complaints in the files of the national labor board and the American Federation of Labor, used by employers to make a mere shadow of the rights of the workers guaranteed by the National Recovery Act, will be knocked into smithereens by the enactment of the Wagner-Connery Bill.

Wagner Bill Stops Victimization

Starting off with the positive declaration that "employes shall have the right to join labor organizations" and bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, the bill declares it shall be an "unfair labor practice," punishable by law, for an employer to impair this right by "interference, influence, restraint, favor coercion, or lockout, or by any other means."

This provision is a sample of the "teeth" with which the Wagner-Connery bill purposes the government shall be equipped to loosen the strangle hold with which the bourbon anti-deluvians who dominate certain industries have gripped the labor section of the Recovery Act with the intention of destroying it.

When these teeth get into action they will route the anti-labor weasels who are bent on sucking away the lifeblood of Section 7-A and make that document a living reality of the principle enunciated by congress that working men and women throughout the United States have the absolute legal right, enforced by every instrumentality of the federal government, to organize in bona fide labor unions without interference, direct or indirect, open or subterranean, by employers of any sort, tribe, or breed.

Upholsterers Strike To Enforce Wage Pact

Sheboygan, Wis.—Sixty-five members of Upholsterers' Union No. 133 walked out when officials of the Northfield Furniture company here refused to abide by the wage and re-employment provisions of the agreement by which a five and one-half weeks' strike was settled a few days before.

According to union officials the agreement required the immediate adjustment of piece rates to make it possible for "springers" and female employes and other upholstering work to earn 40 cents an hour and both male and female upholsterers 50 cents an hour.

It also provides for immediate re-employment of all upholstering department workers who were in the payroll when the first strike was declared. Strikers declared that the secretary of the company refused to adjust the piece rates in accordance with the setlement terms and laughed at the agreement, stating that the "50-cent rate for upholsterers was ridiculous."

Union officials declared that their members would stay out until they are guaranteed the minimum wage rate agreed upon when the first strike was settled, and said they would stand firm on the agreement that there shall be no discrimination against strikers in re-employment.

Still a Chance

The Wagner-Lewis Unemployment Insurance bill is far from a "dead issue" in this session of congress, Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins indicated at a press conference recently.

In spite of persistent newspaper reports that it has been dropped from the list of Roosevelt measures being pushed through the closing days of the session, she expressed her "best belief and confidence" that the unemployment insurance bill will receive favorable action.

Zinke's shoe repairing shops are non-union. Don't patronize.

If—?

IF ALL the sea was made of beer
And all the land was cheese
And lobsters grew (already cooked)
Like leaves upon the trees.
And fivespots fell instead of rain
And all the grass was gold
And summer days were not so hot
Nor winter ones too cold.
If every man had thirty wives
And all of them were dumb
And diamonds grew like coconuts
And cows provided rum.
And cigarettes were three feet long
And politics were barred
And loaves of bread were thick as logs
And measured by the yard.
If every horse we backed romped home
And everything was free
And all the girls wore crepe-de-chene
And smiled on you and me.
Oh Boy, 'twould be a happy world
But some perverted owl
Some pessimistic grouchy guy
Would find some cause to growl.

—F. J. W.

Allied Trades Picnic Due on Sunday, June 3rd

The East Bay Cities Allied Printing Trades Council will hold it annual picnic at Bjornson's park on Sunday, June 3rd.

These craftsmen the wide world over are known as a body that realize to the fullest the good things to be found in the lighter side of life. There never was such a thing as a dull allied picnic. A free barbecue, gate prizes, games, dancing, swimming and what-have-you in the refreshment line are all waiting for happy holders of a ticket that costs but 50 cents.

Bjornson's park is but 20 minutes drive from Oakland on the Crow canyon road and the picnic grounds have a charming rural setting especially chosen for the occasion by the Knights of the Inky Way.

Oakland Labor Forum Meeting Sunday Evening

The Oakland Labor Forum meeting will be held on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock in the Labor Temple, 562 11th street.

There will be a talk on "anti-picketing ordinances" as a menace to organized labor. The speaker for the evening will be Fred West, president of the window cleaners union.

All the American federation members are inited to attend this meeting.

Don't Mix These Names

Attention is drawn to the fact that Crystal Cleaners, Encinal and Chestnut streets, Alameda, now appearing in the "We Don't Patronize" list in this Journal, is in no way connected with the Crystel Laundry and Dry Cleaners of 2307 Chestnut street, Oakland. The latter firm is a good friend of organized labor. In the instalment of new machinery in their plant recently, only union men were employed and in other ways the firm stands high with organized labor.

Code Boosts Gas Price $160,000,000 Per Year

Washington, D. C.—On the basis of 1933 consumption, the petroleum code, which went into effect August 19, 1933, will raise the price of gasoline at an annual rate of about $160,000,000, the federal trade commission reported to the senate in its study of the effect of the code on gasoline prices.

The combination of state and federal taxes on gasoline, ranging from 3 to 8 cents per gallon, costs consumers approximately $700,000,000 a year, the commission reported.

Buy only union made stoves. Spark, Occidental and Wedgewood are union.

Lathers' Union to Hold Future Meetings In the Labor Temple

Lathers' Union Local No. 88 met at regular session at Castle hall on Monday evening, at which time action was taken by the membership to hold all future meetings at the Labor Temple, 562 Eleventh street, Oakland.

Local No. 88 will hold their next meeting in the Labor Temple on Monday, June 4th. Executive board meets every Saturday morning, and this week's session will be held in the new headquarters.

The East Bay Labor Journal, together with the various locals, bid the lathers welcome to their new home.

Oakland Typographical Union 36 Meets Sunday

The regular monthly meeting of Oakland Typographical Union No. 36 will be held on Sunday, May 27th at 10 o'clock a. m., at Native Sons' hall, 11th and Clay streets, Oakland.

Both the executive committee and the membership committee will meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock in the Labor Temple, 562 11th street.

Sick committee for June is C. C. Burch, V. A. Burdash, C. A. Burnham, H. C. Carlisle and G. R. Castle.

Oakland Typographical No. 36 does not patronize Peerless Stages, Piedmont Press, Foster's Lunch, and Better Homes and Gardens" magazine.

Members and friends should not forget the Allied picnic in Bjornson's park, Crow Canyon on Sunday, June 3rd.

Upton Sinclair to Be In Oakland In June

Upton Sinclair, democratic nominee for governor will be in Oakland on June 4th, appearing in the Oakland technical high school, 42nd and Broadway, and on June 5th at Oakland central high school, excelsior Blvd., and Park Ave. at 8 o'clock p. m.

Laborers' Union Initiates Seventeen New Members

Laborers' Union, Local No. 304 this week initiated seventeen new members before a big attendance of its brotherhood. The local was, according to the report submitted, in an excellent condition in every way. A substantial donation to the International Longshoremen's Association and a promise of support to the limit was unanimously voted.

Our Crazy Economic System

The wheat crop of the middle west has been shrinking under hot suns and drying winds at the rate of more than a million bushels a day for nearly three weeks. The greatest single food resource of a land where millions of people have not enough food is being burned and blown away. And in the Chicago wheat pit, trading booms, prices rise, and word is passed that nature has solved the farm problem.

This is the kind of social economics that Alice must have found on the other side of the looking glass; inside out, upside down, hindside afore.

How long will mankind continue to wait on natural calamity or civic explosion to remedy conditions which any civilized society should be able to remedy or prevent?

The promise that man shall have dominion over the earth will come true when man learns to use his powers for the common good.

The most important part of life is leisure.—Havelock Ellis.

Don't stand with your back to the sun and grumble at the shadows.

Patronize Journal Advertisers

Strikebreaking Agency Shoots Union Men Whose Mission Is Peaceful Persuasion

Fusilade of Bullets Meets Car Strikers Who Are Unarmed; Oakland Police Threaten to Arrest Pickets; Ryan Arrives from East Today in Effort to Settle Strike.

With the arrival in San Francisco today of Joseph P. Ryan, international president of the Longshoremen's Union, it was felt that the best effort for a settlement yet made in the present strike, was at hand. Ryan is known as a diplomat in disputes and his success in New York and Texas during the past week is evidence of his ability in overcoming difficulties.

The strike situation in Oakland reached a high peak Wednesday night when, as a result of a telephone call, a number of strikers arrived at the home of O. D. Cromwell at 1154 Ninth street. Cromwell is head of the Cromwell Stevedore Association which employs strikers. According to the union men, a fusilade of bullets met them before they even got out of the car. None of the strikers were armed, in fact, it is stated on the best of authority that throughout the trouble no longshoreman has carried firearms. Cromwell's statement to the police that the occupants of the car started firing is stigmatized by union men as a lie quite befitting a hirer of strikebreakers. Union men hit by bullets were Hack Miller, one-time big league baseball player, who was shot in the arm, and Ernest Hay who got a bullet through his ear, grazing his skull. H. Monsen escaped with a bullet through his hat rim. Cromwell was arrested and fifty negro strikebreakers standing around, took to cover.

The mission of the union men was one of peaceful persuasion of the strikebreakers to lay off. This has been the attitude of strikers throughout the trouble and they state that the Oakland police have acted in a fine spirit and that violence till now has been happily avoided. However, while not blaming police directly, they state that their headquarters at 4th and Market streets was yesterday visited by police and they were told not to be found stationary on the sidewalk and that pickets would from then on be arrested. Considerable indignation, starting with the shooting, became intense with the police order. Lieut Ira Reedy immediately after the shooting gave out the following statement to his department:

"The situation is hot. The strikebreakers are armed and prepared to fight any attack. I have just been down to union headquarters on this side and the men there are 'eating dynamite' since this shooting started. There may be reprisals at any minute."

Sales Tax Raises Labor's Cost Of Living, Ralston Declares

Los Angeles, Calif.—A stinging denunciation of the sales tax as a detriment to working men and women was issued by Jackson H. Ralston in a statement here in support of the position of the California State Federation of Labor in favor of a constitutional amendment to abolish this unjust method of securing funds to defray the expenses of the state government.

Mr. Ralston formerly lived in Washington, D. C., adviser of the American Federation of Labor and one of the federation's counsel in the famous Buck's Stove and Range company case. A few years ago he retired as an attorney and came to Los Angeles to live.

Pointing out that the present sales tax imposes a burden of fifty million dollars annually on the consumers, who are largely composed of working men and women, and that this sum represents an average contribution or exaction of $8 per annum upon every man, woman and child. Mr. Ralston said:

Right to Exist

"In the case of the worker we will assume that he and his family buy but half the average just indicated, and therefore pay but $4 each, and further assume that the family averages five—not far from the correct number. Then the family pays to the state before it has any right to exist the sum of $20 per annum. This amount is paid out in driblets, but the sum total is fully the amount named.

"In the case of the head of the household it means that from three to ten days in the year (according to his rate of pay) he labors for the state, and not for the benefit of his family.

"But the evil does not end with the performance of labor for the state for which the laborer receives absolutely no compensation. The money he pays to the state obviously he cannot use for himself or his family, and this affects the whole community. The overcoat he really needs or the suit of clothes, either costing approximately $15 or $20, he must go without; or the dresses, the use of which his wife finds necessary she must go without, or the physician's bill must go unpaid, or furniture must remain unpurchased, or his house go unpainted, or other useful and important things left without attention.

The Vicious Circle

"Again, what does this signify? It means that tailors and dressmakers are to such an extent unemployed, that the physician will hesitate to attend, that the painter is without work, that the furniture manufacturer or worker produces so much less, that the unemployed make the market for work so much the more restricted.

"Thus it is that the sales tax directly tends to paralyze industry in every shape, and for this reason as well as for many others the State Federation of Labor was wise in declaring its intention to secure passage of a constitutional amendment doing away with it."

In place of the unjust sales tax, Mr. Ralston recommended the single tax on land values.

Textile Workers Strike Against "Stretch Out"

Greenville, S. C.—The employes of the Victor-Monaghan textile plant at Walhalla, near here, walked out in protest against the intensive application of the stretch out system.

John Peel, organizer of the united textile workers' union, declared that workers had been given more machines to operate in practically every department. Operatives formerly running 104 looms now have 144.

Co-Op Mfg. Co. overalls, jumpers and work shirts are without the union label. Do not purchase.

Warning!

It is believed that certain unauthorized women are soliciting help for families of striking longshoremen. The public is asked, when such solicitation is made, to demand credentials that must carry the authority of the International Longshoremen's Association os some kindred union that is part of the American Federation of Labor.

EASTBAY CITIES ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL PICNIC NEXT SUNDAY, JUNE 3

EAST BAY LABOR JOURNAL

Owned, Controlled and Published Every Friday by Central Labor and Building Trades Councils of Alameda County

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J. H. QUINN, Editor and Manager — FRANK WHITE, Advertising Manager

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A TENSE SITUATION

With Congress looking forward to adjourning in a couple of weeks and such important legislation as the Wagner Bill, which would outlaw company unions and the Connery Bill, which would establish a six-hour day and a thirty-hour week in the forefront of legislation still pending, it is little wonder that a feeling of tenseness should exist everywhere.

Unless the above measures are enacted into law and rigidly enforced, or, in the event of the failure of Congress to pass them, the organizations of labor should develop sufficient strength to establish these rules generally without their enactment into law it seems probable that we are facing the greatest industrial turmoil this country has even experienced.

The reason for the situation being so critical just now is that nothing thus far proposed, except the shortening of the workday to six hours and the workweek to five days, offers any solution of the problem of unemployment, which hangs like a thick fog over the land, and which unquestionably is the chief cause for our prolonged depression, now already in its fifth year.

The reason the Wagner Bill is so important is that as long as industrial concerns are permitted to use this sham subterfuge to evade the Recovery Act and its labor provisions that beneficent law cannot and will not function, so far as the company union firms are concerned. The ultimate outcome of such a condition of affairs would be to create a wider breach than ever between capital and labor and make it as impossible to enforce the Recovery Act, as it was to enforce the Eighteenth Amendment.

Will Congress rise to the occasion and pass this much-needed legislation, thus making it possible to end unemployment, and also make it possible actually to enforce the Recovery Act till it is made to function in all industries? If Congress fails now it will leave the President greatly handicapped, after adjournment, to realize the present plans for ending the depression and bringing about anything like permanent recovery.

It would be far better to have Congress outlaw the company unions and establish the thirty hour week than to leave it to the unions to fight and strike for these reforms in industry, or even to have the President promulgate them by proclamation. Let Congress do its part and its plain duty instead of passing the buck back to the President.

TAKE MEASURE OF CANDIDATES

Now is the time to take as accurate measure, as possible, of the various candidates, who are to appear on the August primary, preliminary to the election to be held next November. Filing of nominating petitions closes June 23rd. This is the most important part of the entire election, as now is the time that candidates are either coming to the front or being brought to the front by those interested in what is to be or not to be done by our county, state and national governments, during the next two and four years.

It is not the simplest or easiest matter in the world to get the low-down information on just where a candidate stands. What he says he stands for or what he promises to do, in case he is elected, is not nearly as good a criterion, by which to judge a candidate, as is his actual past performances. Deeds are far more indicative of what a man really is and will be in office, than mere words. If past performance of any candidate is in the wrong direction what reason is there to think or expect it will be different, no matter how profusely he may promise to do different, in case he should be elected?

Supervisors, members of either house in the legislature of our state, or of either house of Congress, as well as the important executive and judicial offices, which are to be filled this year are of enough importance to all citizens to warrant a careful study of all candidates being presented for these positions. If none of the candidates for any important office are acceptable, now is the time for good citizens to get together and take the necessary steps to induce someone who is capable and stands right on the issues of the day to become a candidate. To no class of citizens does this apply with more force than it does to the pay envelope citizens and to the farmers, who combined have enough votes to elect their men to every office once they learn first of all to select the right men and then follow that up by presenting a united front to elect them.

What is done to get a genuine line-up for good and right principles, during the few weeks remaining for filing nomination papers will determine if the people of California are to move ahead in the direction of progress and government in compliance with the will and welfare of the majority of our citizens, or be started backward into the dismal chaos of reaction and fascism, born of the sordid motive of benefiting a privileged few at the expense of the many.

Demand the Union Label, Card and Button when spending your union-earned money—Do your part.

Longshoremen's Official Statement Gives Correct Version of Trouble

The following statement, under the heading "Why the International Longshoremen's Association Is Demanding Complete Recognition of Their Union and Control of Hiring Halls," is issued by local headquarters of the association.

"Previous to 1919 the International Longshoremen's Association represented the men on the waterfront. During the strike of 1919, acting under orders from the steamship employers, a small group of foremen formed what was known as the 'Harmony Club.' Out of this club grew the union that has been supposedly representing the men for the past fourteen years, known as the 'Blue Book' Union."

"When it was first organized, this Blue Book union stated that no man could work on the waterfront without sanction first being given by one of these bosses. Also at that time many bona fide longshoremen were eliminated from the waterfront for their activities in the International Longshoremen's Association, and many of these men have never been permitted to secure work on the waterfront. Also no man could work on the waterfront of San Francisco unless he belonged to the Blue Book (company) union. A man was not asked to join the Blue Book union, he was forced not only to join but to pay their dues.

"Conditions existing under the rules of the Blue Book have been unbearable. There has been no system of hiring or dispatching of working crews.

"The men came down to the Embarcadero, rain or shine, 6 to 6:30 every morning and were forced to stand around on the sidewalks for hours and sometimes days before they could even get information as to whether they would work or not. Under the Blue Book company union preference was given to a select few. The balance of the men received what was left, which meant that most of the men worked anywhere from two to eighteen hours a week. The select few would at times work 36 hours without stopping, at the hardest kind of work.

"The longshoremen themselves wish to decasualize this work so that the work might be spread out among a greater number and all could be assured of at least a minimum wage.

"Also, under the Blue Book company union system, the work has been speeded up to such an extent that the men are now mere slaves. Ships that five years ago took forty hours to discharge are now discharged in half the time. Machinery introduced has eliminated one-third of the men employed. Grievances of the men taken to the Blue Book company union were immediately turned back to the steamship operators and the men making the grievances were immediately dispensed with. Such discrimination has been the common practice.

"The steamship operators have stated that there has been industrial peace on the waterfront during the reign of the Blue Book, and the men were satisfied.

"The best answer to this statement was given when the NRA was set up, and stated that men could belong to a union of their own choice. Immediately every longshoreman on the waterfront jointed the I. L. A. and asked that the I. L. A. be their sole representative.

"Upon the request of the President's Mediation Board, negotiations were opened between the San Francisco longshoremen and the steamship operators. The steamship operators have refused at all times to concede any of the demands of the I. L. A. The International Longshoremen's Association is now using the only means left to secure for the longshoremen their just demands.

"The co-operation and support given by all unions and by the public itself during this strike has proven to the longshoremen that we are justified in our demands and that this is not only the fight of the longshoremen, but the fight of all union labor."

Wisconsin Finds Jobs For 37,277 Unemployed

Madison, Wis.—During the period January 2 to April 28 Wisconsin's nine state employment offices found jobs for 37,277 out of 53,617 applicants, the State Industrial commission announced.

Employes were requested by 54 employers who previously had not used the state offices.

Applicents for jobs are classified as to their regular occupations so as to furnish employers with lists of persons best qualified for any particular work on short notice. A complete list of work opportunities in various lines provides similar service for persons who are "hunting" jobs in order that they may buy a living for themselves and their families.

In Wisconsin, as in other states, the workers are confronted with a situation described by a Chinaman who said it is a case of "no jobee, no livee"—except on the semi-starvation rations of charity relief.

Furloughs Extended

New York.—Evidently Postmaster General James A. Farley has his wires crossed when he promised a month ago that furloughing of postal workers would end on May 1. First Deputy Assistant Postmaster General Vincent Burke declared here recently that this concession to workers would not start until June 30, and he gave assurance that furloughs will not be resumed in the next fiscal year.

"WE DON'T PATRONIZE"

The following persons and firms after a thorough examination into the causes at issue, have been deemed unworthy of the patronage of members of organized labor and their friends.

Bakeries
Unique Bakery, 3911 Telegraph Ave.
New Athens, 1651 Seventh St.
Verzie's Home Bakery, Hayward
Dad's Cookie Co., 414 23rd Ave.

Boot and Shoe Repair Shops
Zinke's Shoe Repairing Shops.

Printing and Newspapers
Piedmont Press 3953 Piedmont Ave.
W. S. Fry, 306 12th St.
West Coast Printing Co., 467 4th St.
McKee-Abbott, Hall-White Printing Co. 2041 Livingston St.

Theaters
Plaza Theater, 3520 San Pablo Ave.
Roosevelt Theater, 416 12th St.
Fulton Theater
Lincoln Theater, 1620 Seventh St.
Lincoln Theatre, Alameda.
Moulin Rouge Theatre, 485 8th St.
Royal Theatre, 9717 E. 14th St.

Meats, Ham and Bacon
West End Meat Market, 1521 Webster Street, Alameda.
Ruebling Meat Market, 3803 San Pablo Ave., Emeryville.
Owens Meat Co., Grand and Webster
Kessler's, 6th Street Market
Kessel Bros. 6th Street Market
All Oriental Markets

Restaurants and Cafeterias
Marne Cafe, 1631 Telegraph Avenue.
Riveria Cafe, 468-19th St.
Eiffel Tower, 2069 Broadway
Caliente Cafe, 1340 E. 12th St.
Colonial Cafeteria, 1506 Franklin St.
Hotel Oakland, 13th and Harrison
Wilson's 19th and Broadway
Rainbow Cafe, 1218 Broadway
Foster's White Lunches

Miscellaneous
Johnnie's Auto Repair, 909 Market
Truman Undertaking Company.
E. Vierra, Iceman, 2563 West St.
All Soar's Food Stores.
Carol Wills Shoe Store, 1531 Bdwy.
Independent Cleaners, 24th & Filbert
Crystal Cleaners, Encinal and Chestnut, Alameda.
Knox Cleaners, 28 and Union.
Farr's Food Store, 3326 Grand Ave.
Bell's Ice Delivery, 2647 Fruitvale
De Luxe Laundry, 1745 E. 14th St.
Nob Hill Creamery, Solano-San Pablo
Mutual Ice Company, 1851 67th Ave.
Radio Station KLX.
Leamington Barber Shop
Barber Shop, 435 12th Street
Peerless Stages System.
Leed's Shoe Store, 1315 Washington
Peerless Boiler Shop, 2020 E. 12th
Dick's Express, 6526 Telegraph Ave.
Cook's Oil Company
Ray Oil Burner Company
Pioneer Farm Creamery, Berkeley
Co-Op. Mfg. Co., overalls, jumpers,
Goldstone Bros., overalls, jumpers,
Marchant Calculating Machine Co.

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL
Marshall Steel Company, Berkeley
San Pablo Coffee Shop, 1915 San Pablo
Newberry Store, 19th and Broadway
Grayson's, 13th and Washington.
Western Dairy Prod., 14th and Grove
Best Foods Corporation.
H. C. Lovett Spray Co., Ltd.
Spott Electric Co., 2095 Broadway
Scott-Buttner Electric Co., 19 Grand
Telegraph Market, 45th - Telegraph
Ansel Electric Co., 1401 Park, Alameda

Neptune Beach Presents Champion Put Mossman

Put Mossman, world's champion stunt rider will do a "Leap for Life" at Neptune beach, Sunday afternoon at 1:30 p. m. Mossman will ride along a 150-ft. runway, going at a speed of 60 miles per hour and leap motorcycle and all into the outdoor swimming pool. This is the first time this sensational, breath-taking act has been staged in northern California and will provide a real thrill to the spectators.

A motorcycle rodeo and circus will be staged in the Neptune stadium at 2 p. m. The program will consist of motorcycle polo, a thrilling exhibition of skill and speed by expert riders from Hollywood, using regular polo mallets and a soccer ball; a board wall crash by Mossman—riding full speed and crashing into a wall built of 1x6 and 2x4 planks; trick riding and stunting by Mossman; motorcycle races; double stunt riding by Mossman and Helen Mossman; motorcycle leap, blindfolded, over his assistant, Helen Mossman, Hollywood stunt girl; an egg juggling act standing on the seat of a speeding motorcycle, and many other exciting events.

Put Mossman, well known as the world's champion trick horseshoe pitcher, will match his skill against Arlo Elsen, northern California horseshoe pitching champion in a special contest which will climax the big program.

Admission to the big show: Adults 25c, and children 10c, which includes admission to the park as well.

Unemployment Insurance Praised by Miss Perkins

Rochester, N. Y.—The prompt enactment of the Wagner-Lewis unemployment insurance bill now before congress was urged by Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins in an address here before the convention of the amalgamated clothing workers of America.

She said its passage would lead to setting up a sound nation-wide system of unemployment insurance within the next few years. This, she predicted, would go far toward preventing and lessening the periods of industrial inactivity in the future and would give purchasing power to a small but steady market for all industrial products.

"If unemployment insurance had been inaugurated in the years before the crash of 1929 it would have put a bottom to the fall of depression and unemployment," the secretary said. "We have only estimates to show what would have happened under unemployment insurance, but they are by competent actuaries and cover not the whole country but reasonably small areas."

of parliamentary business incident to such a period.

One man should not be permitted to run the house of representatives.

Mug Cafe, 7th and Washington Sts. Only Union House in That Vicinity

The Mug Cafe, situated at 7th and Washington streets, Oakland, has the proud distinction of being the only union house in the vicinity.

On the Broadway end of the same block is a cafe that employs Oriental labor and has long been regarded as an open enemy of organized labor. A considerable number of union men have occasion to use a cafe in this busy vicinity, which is also the Broadway depot of the Southern Pacific. There should be no hesitation as to their choice.

Camille Vanaglia, a native of Ctockton, California, and a partner in the Mug Cafe, was for 21 years a member of the Masters, Mates and Pilots Local No. 40. The management recently spent several thousand dollars in enlarging and bringing up-to-date the bar and restaurant until now it has no rival in the downtown district and few in the entire East Bay. The best in draught and bottled beers and choice wines is handled, while the food is the product of a first class chef and can be obtained at a remarkably low cost.

The Mug Cafe, that prominently displays the card of the Hotel and Restaurant Employes, has been called by it's habitues, "the cafe with the homey atmosphere." As a place where, in a clean healthy environment, a man may take his wife or lady friend, enjoy palatable food and drink of the best quality and be treated with every courtesy, the Mug Cafe is highly recommended to all members and friends of organized labor.

OFFSETS WAGE INCREASE

The American Federation of Labor declares "the individual worker in industry made no gain whatever in 'real' wages from March, 1933, to March, 1934. His average weekly wage increased 9.7 per cent, but this was offset by a 9.3 per cent increase in the cost of living."

UNION STORE
PETERS BROS.
MEN'S STORE
1443 BROADWAY
No Branches
New Spring and Summer Styles for Dress and Sports Wear.

$3.95
Others
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to
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Peters Bros. SHOE COMPANY
1443 Broadway, Opp. 15th St.
Women's Shoppe 1544 Bdway.

Neptune Beach - Alameda

SUNDAY, MAY 27TH
Put Mossman - World's Champ. Stunt Rider in a
"LEAP FOR LIFE"
Speeding 60 M. P. Hr. into the Outdoor Swimming Pool.
Motorcycle Rodeo Circus
Stadium - 2 p. m.
12 Thrilling Events. Adm.
Adults, 25c; Child, 10c

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A GREAT SILK SALE!
Thousands of yards of beautiful Silks! Prints! Washables! Pure Dyes! Novelty Acetates! Shantungs!
Reg. 79c to $1.29 Silks now, yard 48c
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All Made to Sell for $1.00
66c
From one of the nation's leading makers of fine $1.00 handbags, we have purchased the entire Pacific Coast stock (3,600) at a special low close-out price! This New York manufacturer is discontinuing his Western branch! As we and the other stores of our group have sold MANY THOUSANDS of these bags AT $1.00, he let us have the entire stock!
There are 50 different styles! The colors include beige, gray, black, brown, navy and red.
(Main Floor)

Official Minutes of Central Labor Council

Oakland, California, May 21, 1934.

The regular meeting of the Central Labor Council of Alameda County was called to order on the above date at the hour of 8:00 p. m. by President William P. Fee.

The following were noted as present:

Allioni, Apple, Bowbeer, Brooks, Carter, Comphel, Cooey, Coons, Costa, DeBlois, Doyle, J. H., Fee, Frye, Fulmer, Hagberg, Hendricks, Hipkins, Kerr, Knight, Kremer, Kuebler, Larson, J., Lewis, C. A., Manning, G., Marshall, McArthur, Miller, J. F., Miller, N. H., Morris, Mundell, Murphy, Nathan, Nelson, Newman, O'Kane, Rodgers, Rowan, Rowell, Spooner, Sweeney, M., Sweeney, P., Theobald, Wallace.

Report of Business Agent—

For the week ending May 21, 1934. Adopted.

Credentials—

No credentials.

Communications—

From the Moving Picture Operators' Union Local No. 169, requesting that the Plaza theatre, 35th and San Pablo avenue, be placed on the official "We Don't Patronize" list. Referred to the executive committee.

From the Auto Mechanics' Union Lodge No. 1546, requesting that the Hertz Drivurself, 2046 Franklin street be placed on the official "We Don't Patronize" list. Referred to the executive committee.

From Congressman Albert E. Carter, acknowledging communication relative to the Wagner-Connery Disputes Act. He states that the subject matter will receive his serious attention. Filed for reference.

From the headquarters of the Hiram W. Johnson for United States senator clubs. Referred to the Non-Partisan Political Federation of Labor.

From the United Garment Workers' Union of St. Louis and Rochester, New York, advising that all Michaels-Stern clothes are manufactured under strictly union conditions. Filed and delegates requested to take note.

From the San Francisco General Labor Day committee, John A. O'Connell, secretary, extending an invitation, in behalf of the committee, to the Oakland labor movement to participate in their coming Labor day parade. Secretary Spooner made a motion accepting the invitation and that the affiliated unions be advised of our action. The motion was adopted.

From the Oakland City Manager, enclosing copy of his report as submitted to the Oakland City Council. Filed for reference.

From James Doyle of the Molders' Union Local No. 164, enclosing the following resolution:

To the officers and delegates,
Central Labor Council:

Whereas, The San Francisco Labor Council in regular session of both executive committee and council meetings, condemned the action of Brother George Durand, tenth vice-president of the Alamagated Association of Street and Electrict Railway Employes of America, in attempting to foist on organized labor a company union to the detriment of the carmen's Union and organized labor in general, and

Whereas, Brother George Durand is a representative of this district as a vice president of the California State Federation of Labor and a former official of this council, now therefore be it

Resolved, That Brother George Durand be cited to appear before the executive committee of this council and show cause to this council why he should not resign as our representative as vice president of this district in the California State Federation of Labor.

A motion was made that resolution be concurred in. An amendment was then made by Delegate Nathan H. Miller as follows: that the secretary of the council request Brother George Durand to come before the executive committee and explain certain phases of the contract with the United Railways company. The amendment was then discussed following which it was put to a vote and defeated. The original motion to concur was then put to a vote and carried.

Bills—

Bills were referred to the trustees for audit.

At this time a committee from the International Longshoremen's Union Local No. 35, was admitted to the council and Brother E. F. Hisher, acting as spokesman for the committee, gave the delegates a resume of the present strike situation. He made an appeal for financial aid to take care of the deserving members of his organzation. Upon the conclusion of the remarks by Brother Hisher, Secretary Spooner made the following motion: that the Central Labor Council of Alameda county endorse the petition made by the representatives of the longshoremen's union and that the affiliated unions give all the aid that they possibly can to our deserving brothers. The motion was adopted.

Report of Committees—

The executive committee recommended that the request of the Cannery Workers' Union, Local No. 18893, anent placing the California Packing Corporation company on the official "We Don't Patronize" list be deferred for one week due to a request from the petitioning organization.

The committee also recommended that the request of the Auto Mechanics' Union, Lodge No. 1546, asking that Johnnie's Auto Repair Shop, 909 Market street, be placed on the official "We Don't Patronize" list, be complied with.

The committee reported that the controversy between the Grocers' Baking company and the Bakery Wagon Drivers and Salesmen's Union Local No. 432 had been adjusted.

The report of the executive committee and the recommendations submitted was concurred in.

Trustees' Report—

Trustees reported favorably on bills presented; report accepted, warrants ordered drawn and bills paid.

Approval of Minutes—

The minutes of the previous meeting were approved as published in the East Bay Labor Journal.

Reports of Unions—

Delegate Marshall of the Brotherhood of Teamsters' Union, Local No. 70, reported that he had been informed that a certain delegate had made a statement at the recent meeting of the council to the effect that union teamsters have delivered certain merchandise from the Ninth street pier during the recent strike of longshoremen. Delegate Marshall stated that no goods are taken off the docks unless a permit to do so is secured from the strike committee of the longshoremen's union and that his organization has nothing whatever to do in the issuance of these permits. He concluded by advising that his organization is co-operating to the fullest extent in aiding the longshoremen in their present controversy.

Delegate Carter of the Brotherhood of Teamsters' Union, Local No. 70, reiterated the statements made by his co-delegate Brother Marshall and gave the delegates a very satisfactory explanation of the statement made by the delegate referred to. He advised that he and his associates are doing everything within their power to aid the longshoremen.

Delegate Rowan of the Street Carmen's Union, Division No. 192, advised the delegates relative to the acceptance, by a vote of his membership, the agreement with the local transit company. This agreement provides an increase in the hourly wage, a closed shop and the check-off system. Delegate Rowan also related the aid that he and his organization had given to the striking longshoremen in the matter of stopping the transportation of strikebreakers by the Key System company.

Delegate Kremer of the laundry wagon drivers' union thanked the delegates and the secretary of the council for their co-operation in matters affecting the welfare of his organization. He concluded by asking the delegates to continue their demand for the union card from all laundry wagon drivers.

Delegate Nathan of the Cannery Workers' Union, Local No. 18893, advised the delegates regarding the efforts being made by the Alaska Packing company to destroy his organization by refusing to re-hire members of the union. He stated that the Alaska Packers' association is a subsidiary of the California Packing corporation and that the San Francisco Central Labor Council has also been asked to place the corporation on its official "We Don't Patronize" list.

Delegate Newman of the Boot & Shoe Workers' Union, Local No. 324, spoke regarding the advisability of making an appeal over the radio in behalf of striking longshoremen in their campaign for financial aid.

Delegate Apple of the Retail Clerks' Union, Local No. 47, reported that the store of Ben McNutt, Jimmy Sawtelle, proprietor, has signed the union agreement of his organization and asked the delegates to take note of this action. He thanked the delegates in behalf of his organization for the co-operation given in their behalf.

Delegate Bowbeer of the Street Carmen's Union, Division No. 192, reported regarding the recent agreement accepted by his organization and stated that the committee which had this matter in charge is deserving of commendation for the able manner in which they negotiated the contract. He gave the delegates a resume of the most important features of the agreement.

Brother Rogers of the Automobile Mechanics' Union Lodge No. 1546, reported that his organization is making considerable headway in eliminating the piece work system in his craft. He also reported that he is having difficulty with the Hertz Driveuself agency.

Unfinished Business—

Under this head secretary Spooner reported for the Union Label League committee, and recommended that the charter fee of one dollar be paid by the council and that upon receipt of said charter that affiliated organi-

(Continued on Page 4)

Foster' White Lunches and Bakeries Unfair In Wages and Working Methods

The plea by the National Recovery Act for shorter hours and increased wages does not mean anything to Foster's White Lunches and Bakeries and a few of the smaller fry in the same line of business. Fighting against a loss of prestige and business through the exposure of their methods by this Journal, these firms are still content to see their names weekly in the "We Don't Patronize" list and they and the public can feel assured that so long as they indulge in their present treatment of employes, just so long will the same names appear.

When Bakers' Union No. 119 first instituted action against these firms, labor's full force in Alameda county lost no time in acquainting the low wage places that they need expect no patronage from that quarter. Following suit, a large number of citizens sympathetic with the lofty ideals of unionism, also refrained from patronizing Foster's White Lunches and Bakeries. Still with that obstinacy that has made the mule famous, the firm and its smaller offenders against fairness, continues to carry on in some way or another. It may realize sooner than it at present thinks that today there is a high tension in the economic world and the reaction is likely to automatically put out of business the cheap and nasty business firm that flourished considerably a generation ago, but today is regarded with a good deal of healthy contempt.

Textile Union Asks President's Help In Securing Shorter Hours

New York.—The intensive application of the "stretch-out" system and other speed-up practices by textile manufacturers have thrown thousands of workers into the jobless army, without hope for re-employment, declared Thomas F. McMahon, president, and James Starr, secretary-treasurer of the United Textile Workers of America, in a letter to President Roosevelt requesting his support in securing shorter hours for the textile industry.

Unemployment Increases

"Unemployment in the textile industry is increasing by leaps and bounds," the letter said. "Code authorities are instituting forced curtailment programs and prospects for the industry during the next few months are indicative that conditions of employment will become worse. Production is outstepping consumer demand to such an extent that we feel the administration should recognize the grave danger of further delay in applying the remedy."

Workers Displaced by Thousands

"Since the advent of the 'stretch-out system' or 'excessive machine load,' there is no such thing as permanent employment, and in all our arguments and briefs submitted to the administration, we have contended that eighty (8) machine hours were entirely too much and would not provide the necessary employment and the equivalent purchasing power.

"This is exactly what has happened. Workers are being displaced by the thousands. Many employers are trying to even up their costs by increasing the union of production. Markets are flooded and the mills are compelled to announce curtailment periods, thereby depriving the workers of their meagre wages and throwing them back once more on the mercy of charity.

Shorter Hours Only Remedy

"Your statement on March 5 last and General Johnson's later announcement relative to shorter hours appealed to us as being a proper and sound approach to this problem.

"Although the blight of unemployment has not, to any great extent, reached into all textile communities, we would ask you to order a survey of the entire industry in order that you might learn just how serious this problem is.

"We would refer you especially to the New England States, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Reports received in our office from the south lead us to believe that it will only be a short time before hundreds of thousands of southern workers will likewise be affected.

Labor Under Code Is Jeopardized

"There are over 1,000,000 workers in the textile industry. The cotton code was the first code approved by the administration. We recognized its advantages, appreciated its benefits, and on several occasions have tried to point out its defects, and the need for amendment.

"Our emergency committee, after serious consideration of this problem, authorized the officials to make an appeal to you, in order that we might not return to the deplorable conditions existing before the code, when unemployment threatened the very structure of our constitutional government.

"We are convinced that shorter hours will aid materially in the solution of this problem. We would ask your support in this direction."

St. Louis Packing House Workers Declare Strike

Wage Increase and 32-Hour Week Included in Demands.

St. Louis, Mo.—A strike affecting virtually all the packing houses of St. Louis was called at a mass meeting of union butchers and meat cutters.

Picketing of major plants was ordered immediately and union men were detailed to the plants. Coincidentally, police officials ordered squads assigned to guard the plants.

The strike call, involving about 2,500 workers, included plants here of Armour & Co., Swift & Co., and those of several other major concerns. About twenty-five packers are included in the strike area.

Employes of the packing houses are seeking minimum wages of 75 cents an hour for butchers and 60 cents an hour for laborers, with a guarantee of a 32-hour week. The action was taken in protest against what union officials termed a failure on the part of employers to heed union demands.

Emergency Work Is Defined By NRA

Employers' Scheme to Avoid Overtime Payments Hit In Far-Reaching Rule.

Employers who have been violating maximum working hours and overtime payment regulations under cover of the "emergency" clauses of their codes are hit by a far-reaching ruling made this week by the NRA.

Practically all NRA codes contain provisions for waiving working hour limitations in "emergencies," and this exemption has been used to the limit by many bosses.

According to the official interpretation just made by the NRA, about the only type of work which may be classed as an "emergency" is the "repairing of breakdowns."

The NRA specifically declared that installation of new equipment, and the dismantling of machinery for transfer to "other departments or plants" is not emergency work.

Oakland Authorities UNFAIR In Preventing Picketing By Longshoremen

AUTHORIZED BY I. L. A.

Supreme Court Rules in Favor of Depositors; $50,000 Judgment Affirmed

The decision of Justice Jennings Bailey of the supreme court of the District of Columbia awarding the receiver of the Park savings bank a judgment for $50,000 against the American Surety company of New York is a victory for the depositors and a judicial affirmation of the legal responsibility of corporations which insure banks against loss from defalcations by officers and other employes and then attempt to evade fulfillment of their deliberations.

The American Surety company entered into a contract with the bank guaranteeing faithful performance of their duties by the bank's officers. In March, 1933, the executive officer committed suicide. After his death a shortage of approximately $1,500,000 was discovered. The bank was declared insolvent and the receiver instituted suit to recover on the bond.

Officers of the surety company refused to pay the $50,000, basing their action on the claim that at the time the insurance contract was made the bank's charter had expired, and, therefore, the bank's officers acted beyond the scope of their authority.

Justice Bailey reduced this contention to zero, e said:

"In my opinion it is immaterial whether the charter of the plaintiff had expired or not, or whether or not, under the laws of the state of its incorporation, its officers had the power to continue to conduct a banking business; they did so, and the contract in question was entered into between the parties in the light of the knowledge by the defendant of the nature of the business conducted by the plaintiff.

"The defendant cannot now say that the plaintiff had no power to enter into the contract by which the defendant insured the employes of the plaintiff engaged in a banking business, where the circumstances show the character of the business and the liability covered by the policy."

It is a frequent practice for groups of business men to incorporate as surety companies, insure banks against loss from the dishonesty of officials and other employes and then use every technicality which legal experts can trump up as justification for their refusal to pay the insurance when defalcations occur.

Justice Bailey's decision blocks at least one surity company from achieving this object. Barring the possibility of appeal to the higher courts, the $50,000 judgment will be distributed by the receiver among the depositors of the insolvent bank.

Sugar Company Wins 56-Hour Week Demand

Washington, D. C.—Unmoved by the existence of an unemployed army numbering around ten million able-bodied adults, General Hugh S. Johnson, recovery administrator, continued for thirty days the permission granted the Great Western Sugar company of Johnston, Colo., to work its employes 56 hours per week instead of the code maximum of 40 hours. At recovery administration headquarters it was stated that the action was taken on the complaint that the 40-hour week would impose "unusual hardships" on the company, but nothing was said regarding the hardships which the 56-hour week imposes on the jobless who would be put to work under the 40 hours prescribed by the code.

INCOGNITO

"Man, oh man. Where did you get that funny looking dog?"

"I'll have you know that this animal is a police dog."

"You never saw a police dog that looked like that thing."

"He's in the secret service."

Pioneer Farm creamery, Berkeley, is non-union. Please do not patronize.

CAN'T BUST 'EM
(UNION MADE)
WORK CLOTHES

Carpenters' Overalls	$2.15
Frisco Jeans	2.15
Express Stripe Overalls	1.75
Blue Bib (best grade) Overalls	1.65
Painters' Bib Overalls	1.55

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Leading dance orchestras.
Featured programs for every member of the family.
From Good Morning by the Commuters' Timeclock until the Midnight Vagabond says good night K. R. O. W. brings you the best in Sports. News and entertainment.
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ALLEN-A SWIM TRUNKS
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High waistband style "Surf Pants" with web belt, inner tie strings. Spring needle knit. Maroon, navy, black or green. Sizes 32 to 42.
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Corner 13th and Washington Streets

Central Labor Council of Alameda County Asks That You

DO NOT PATRONIZE

UNFAIR THEATERS LISTED IN THE LABOR JOURNAL

Lincoln Theatre, Alameda; Moulin Rouge (formerly Gem) Theatre, 485 Eighth Street; Royal (formerly Fern) Theatre, 9717 East Fourteenth Street; Lincoln Theatre, 1620 Seventh Street; Fulton Theatre, 1518 Franklin Street; Roosevelt Theatre, 416 Twelfth Street.

SEE LIST IN THIS NEWSPAPER

Lincoln and Plaza Theatres Are Still On Journal's "We Don't Patronize" List

The amusement-going public is today more than ever alive to the necessity of absolute safety in any amusement place they may patronize. It has long been established that the projection room of a moving picture house, where highly inflammable material is handled, must naturally be a place where highly skilled and experienced men alone should operate. Such men are not to be found outside of unionism for the reason that as soon as an operator attains such a state of efficiency, his thoughts naturally turn to fair wages and working conditions that form an important part of organized labor. The Lincoln theater at Seventh and Peralta streets, and the Plaza theater on San Pablo avenue, together with a few of even elsser importance, do not employ union operators.

It is a significant, yet not altogether unnatural fact, that the high-class houses of this and in fact, every other community, are 100 per cent unionized. This is largely due to a sense of fairness on the part of managements but it is in no small measure due also to the fact that by employing union men, the theater gets a first-class competent operator. The Plaza and the Lincoln theaters, by their unreasonable attitude have earned the contempt of all friends of organized labor and will be designated as places to avoid so long as this lasts.

Middle-Aged Workers Scrapped by Corporations

Philadelphia, Pa.—A feature of unemployment which is being "tragically overlooked"—the more or less permanent closing of the doors of industry to middle-aged workers—is emphasized in a report analyzing the records of the state employment office made recently by Dr. Gladys L. Palmer, research assistant at the University of Pennsylvania Industrial Research Department.

In her study of applicants for jobs in 15 of the largest occupations, Dr. Palmer found that as high as 60 per cent were 40 years of age or over. To assume that 40 is the hiring limit, Dr. Palmer warns, to make a generous estimate.

"Employers seeking help in a large majority of cases are specifying 'young and active' men or 'young and attractive' women," she concludes.

Overlook a man's weakness, forget his mistakes, and speak to him of his good qualities. Instead of finding fault with his "badness," praise his "goodness." Then note how that man will strive with all his might to live up to the good opinion which you have of him.

CWA's End Throws 546,955 Families Into Destitution

Washington, D. C. — The tragedy which the abolition of civil works projects by the federal government caused millions of persons in the United States is revealed in the report on the sharp increase in relief needs since the termination of the CWA program made public by Harry L. Hopkins, relief administrator.

Summarizing figures received from 140 cities and urban counties representing 64 per cent of the urban population, the report showed that between March and April the number of families "on relief" rose from 1,428,818 to 1,975,273, an increase of 546,955 or 38 per cent.

The additions for the month were made up chiefly of families who would have applied for relief previously but for the employment of one or more of their members in CWA work during the winter.

During April 103 cities showed an increase in both families and obligations incurred. Eighteen showed a decrease in both items. Thirteen cities showed an increase in cases and a decrease in obligations, six showed a decrease in cases and an increase in obligations.

The most recent month with which April can be compared without having the relief figures distorted by the effect of the civil works program is November, 1933, according to Mr. Hopkins.

Between November, 1933, and April, 1934, the number of cases receiving relief in leading cities increased 11 per cent. During the previous two years, the number of cases receiving relief in large urban areas increased by more than 50 per cent in the same months.

BARNUM WAS RIGHT

A retailer on 6th avenue in New York City should be given credit for a very novel window display. He didn't have much money for advertising so he bought the biggest fish bowl he could get hold of, filled it with water, and put it in the window with the sign:

"Filled with invisible gold fish from Argentine."

It took three policemen to handle the crowd.

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Phone LAkeside 5800

Furnish Your Home Complete At Jackson's and Pay Only a Small Deposit, Balance in Easy Monthly Terms Arranged to Suit Your Convenience.

About Jackson's Exchange Dept.

A separate department operated solely for your convenience. While we do not buy second-hand furniture, we will take in exchange as part payment for new anything salable (except bedding, mattresses and children's goods) and allow you a fair price.

We send out and make the allowance after the new has been selected at the store. Ask any of our salesmen about it.

WASHINGTON MARKET
1219-23 Washington St.
Purveyors of best quality
MEATS
And Food Products. No waste—Most Economical at our Low Prices



Greenwich Worsteds
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$24.50 and $29.75

Here's value with a vengeance . . . . . weighty, full bodied, richly finished Worsteds . . . . the finest in America . . . . tailored by one of the best Union makers in the land! A special buy it was . . . . . and we don't hope ever to repeat one as good!

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PIONEER LAUNDRY AND DRY CLEANING CO.

Our Drivers Call Twice Daily, from Hayward to Richmond. The Unexcelled Quality of Our Work will be Immediate Cause for making Pioneer Laundry a Habit.

OUR WIDE RANGE OF SERVICES ARE SPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR YOUR OWN BUDGET.

ASK ABOUT OUR THRIFTY SERVICE WITH BATH TOWELS FLUFFED DRY.

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AUXILIARY NOTES

HOW THE WOMEN ARE HELPING THROUGH THEIR ORGANIZATIONS

Typographical Auxiliary No. 26

Social meeting of No. 26 held at the clubhouse on May 18th brought out a large attendance. The five hostesses for the day had prepared a tasty luncheon, delicious strawberry shortcake served in generous portions was easily the feature of the spread.

President Chilson called a special meeting to complete unfinished business.

Mrs. Boek, chaiman of entertainment committee, reported Valentine's restaurant as 100 per cent union and moved that our long talked of dinner and card party be held at Valentines on Saturday evening, 6:30, May 26th. Motion carried unanimously. There will be prizes for each table of cards.

President Chilson, Mesdames, H. E. Hardin and J. A. Foster announced themselves as candidates for delegate to the convention to be held in Chicago in September.

Mrs. Don K. Stauffer, wife of International Representative Don Stauffer, and a member of San Mateo Auxiliary, was a welcome visitor.

Mrs. H. C. Closson spent last week in Santa Cruz as delegate to Rebekah assembly.

Mrs. C. C. Croddock was with us again following a brief absence.

"We boost the union label."

MRS. H. B. LAWSON, Press Cor.

Ladies' Auxiliary of Carpenters No. 160

Social Gathering

President Edith Knott and Sister Ingeborg Olsen presided as co-hostesses at a delightful social gathering at the home of President Edith Knott, 442-38th street on Tuesday evening, May 15th. The large sitting room was decorated with brilliant colored balloons. Whist was the diversion of the evening. After the prizes were presented to the following, Mrs. A. Hemple of Alameda, and Mr. A. Lindholm; consolation prize to Gertrude Roinestad, the guests were ushered into the living room where dainty refreshments were served at small tables. President Knott and Sister Olsen kept the guests in a happy mood throughout the evening. Those present were: Erna Jenkins, Mae Bristow, Charlotte Silvas, Aileen O'Leary, Anna Elvin, Margaret Carter, Gertrude Roinestad, Ida Drury, Kitty Lindholm, Marie Lyon, Alice Hemple, Tessie O'Leary; Brothers "Eddie" Silvas, Lindholm, W. C. O'Leary, "Bob" Knott.

Notes of Ladies' Auxiliary I. A. of M. No. 97

Meeting

Sisters of No. 97, we want to bring to your attention that our meeting is Friday evening, May 25th (tonight). Please show your interest in your auxiliary by attending.

Past President's Picnic

Their first outing, it will be held on June 13th at Neptune beach in Alameda. Sisters of Auxiliary No. 97 and friends prepare for this date and help to enjoy this day with the past presidents because they do want to make a big showing. Bring your lunch.

Willing Workers' Sewing Club

Willing workers to meet June 7th at the home of Sister Christine Top, 1401 Action street, Berkeley. Don't forget the date.

Membership Drive

You read in your machinists' monthly journal on page 235; there is going to be a prize worth while for the auxiliary initiating the most new members. It started May 1st. It should not be a hardship on any one member to get just one new member each month. It will run May, June and July. Oliver Wendell Holmes said: "I find the great thing in this world is not so much where we stand, as in what direction we are moving. To reach the port of heaven we must sail, sometimes with the wind, and sometimes against it, but we must sail, and not drift, nor lie at anchor."

Get aboard your plane and secure a passenger for your favorite pilot.

Mystery Sister

Every sister having a "Mystery Sister" get in touch with Sister O'Leary, OLympic 9863, as soon as possible, as she has something to say to you that is important. Have you a mystery sister, or have you forgotten her?

Report

Lawrence Jones of Rodeo, who underwent an operation at the Martinez hospital for appendicitis is rapidly improving. Ladies' auxiliary No. 97 hopes to see him up and around soon.

Sister Daisy Pedgrift is still confined to bed.

Sister Maude Worthley is also recovering from the effects of poison oak.

TESSIE O'LEARY, Press Cor.

OFFICIAL MINUTES OF THE CENTRAL LABOR COUNCIL

(Continued from Page 3)

zations be invited to send two delegates to the Union Label League meeting. The recommendation was concurred in.

Good of the Council—

Delegate McArthur of the Oakland Typographical Union No. 36, stated that he had been instructed by his organization to the effect that if the council was unable to convince the board of supervisors to rescind ordinances 281-282, that the matter should be taken into the courts and that his union will stand its share of the expenses incurred thereby.

Delegate Nathan of the cannery workers also spoke regarding the necessity of securing the repeal of the ordinances mentioned and also related the efforts that have been made by the Civil Rights committee to have the nefarious ordinances repealed. At the close of his discourse on the subject matter he made the folowing motion: that the Central Labor Council of Alameda county appoint from its delegates, a committee to make a determined fight against ordinances 281-282, and also make arrangements to combat all picketing ordinances in the various municipalities of Alameda county. The motion was adopted and Delegates Nathan, N. H. Miller and Secretary Spooner were appointed as the committee.

New Business—

No new business.

Report of Secretary-Treasurer—

For the week ending May 21, 1934. Adopted.

Adjournment—

There being no further business appearing the council then adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,
WM. A. SPOONER, Secretary.

P. S.—To the Affiliated Unions, Greetings:

Your attention is herewith called to the action of the Central Labor Council in endorsing the appeal of the striking union longshoremen for funds. This appeal is urgent and demands your immediate favorable consideration. Send all funds to Brother E. F. Hischer, 71 Tenth street, Oakland, who will promptly acknowledge same.

WM. A. SPOONER, Secretary.

Annoyed By Bills?

Let us take care of them. Protect your job. Don't risk attachments. You need not borrow money, with our plan. No co-signers or endorsers required. Reasonable service charge.

108 Ray Bldg.
1924 BROADWAY

Texas Shop Crafts In Big Drive Against "Company Unionism"

Great Majority of Workers in Lone Star State Now Members of A. F of L. Unions.

Houston, Texas.—Reports received here from all sections of Texas tell an inspiring story of the progress being made by the A. F. of L. affiliated standard shop craft unions in this state.

What were formerly strongholds of "company unionism" have fallen and the railroad shop workers are flocking into the bona fide labor organizations.

One year ago there was not a bona fide shop craft labor union on any railroad in Texas. The "company unions," maintained by the carriers since 1933, were as firmly intrenched as the managements could make them.

Then the emergency railroad transportation act was passed by congress, forbidding the carriers to finance "company unions' and guaranteeing the right of free organization to the employes.

Fade Out of Picture

Immediately the exodus from the "company unions" into the real organizations began to take place.

Today the Missouri-Kansas-Texas is almost completely organized. District and system federations have been organized, and the men, not the company, are running the organizations.

Foster's White Lunches, Wilson's and Rainbow cafe are on the "We Don't Patronize" list.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

No. 58475. Department No. 4

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Executrix of the estate of James McCusker, deceased, to all persons having claims against the said decedent to, within six months after the first publication of this notice, either file them, with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Alameda or exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, to me at the office of Donahue, Hynes & Hamlin, 1502 Bank of America Bldg., 12th street and Broadway, Oakland, California, which place the undersigned selects as the place of business in all matters connected with said estate.

MARGARET E. McCUSKER,
Executrix of the estate of James McCusker, Deceased.

Dated at Oakland, California, April 23rd, 1934.

Donahue, Hynes & Hamlin,
Attorneys for Executrix,
Bank of America Bldg.,
Oakland, California.

5t-27

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Mitch Condemns Lower Wage Rates for South

Miners' Union Official Claims Cheap-Labor Employers in Dixie Hold Slave Owners' Views.

Birmingham, Ala. — Vigorous condemnation of the lower wage rates for southern workers contained in many codes of fair competition established by the authority of the National Industrial Recovery Act was expressed by William Mitch, president of District 20, United Mine Workers of America, in a statement here.

Southern employers, whose views have found expression in the codes base their demand for lower wages as compared with rates obtained in the north on the fiction that cost of living is less in the south. Mr. Mitch claims, however, that it is due to the slave-labor idea which still obtains among those who own and control industry in Dixie.

Disloyal to Roosevelt

"There is an erroneous impression," Mr. Mitch said, "created in the minds of certain individuals, either with a corporation mind or a corporation connection or a desire to become a part of a great corporation, who have advocated that the workers in the southern states are not entitled to the same pay for the same amount of energy put forth as are workers in the northern states.

"In fact, unfortunately, we have in this country now men who will aclaim publicity that they are supporters of President Roosevelt and his program, yet privately they are doing everything they can to hinder that program.

"The old idea that the privileged few should continue to benefit at the expense of the many is prevalent and has been carried on since slavery days in the south. This theory is antiquated and we are to live and let live in this country.

Union Organization Necessary

"The workers, through the various organizations of labor, are demanding what is justly theirs. Of course, everything must depend upon the ability to market products. Yet the bulk of the atmosphere apparently in the south is that the labor is not yet worthy of his hire. But the overwhelming majority of the citizenship of this state see it from a different angle. They believe the laborer is worthy of his hire. They know the workers can only get that which is justly theirs by collective action through legitimate labor organizations recognized by the American Federation of Labor and by the United States government."

"You say," said the magistrate sternly, "that you robbed the restaurant because you were hungry. Explain why you stole cash from the desk instead of food!"

"I'm a proud man, your honor, and always pay for what I eat."

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When making purchases always ask for the union label. If building a home or repairing one see that the men doing the plumbing or steamfitting work, electrical job, etc., belong to the union. Ask to see their card. Help boost the union button, and thereby help yourself.

Be sure your electrician is a union man for your own safety, convenience and the economy that goes with dependability.

—When You Patronize a Union Cafe You Are Sure of High Class Service and Food.

Be sure the man that does your plumbing or steamfitting job carries a union card.

Carmen's Union Division 192